### Rebuilding in a Troubled Land

#### Neighborhood Centers as a Social Development Tool

A Summary

"It is reasonable to assert that the situation in Afghanistan will continue to be characterized as a situation of chronic conflict and political instability [SCCPI] for the foreseeable future."

- Afghan Research & Evaluation Unit September 2002



Photo Courtesy of UNICEF

We propose to build local democracy through social structures supported by

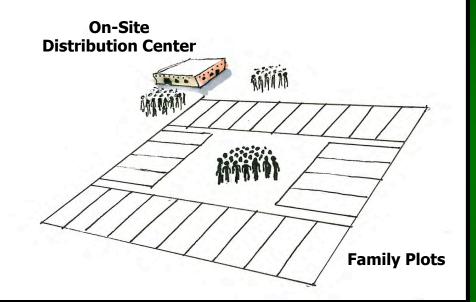
Neighborhood Centers

- Land Tenure
- Access to Water and Sanitation

### Land Distribution

#### • NGO

- Sets up on-site center
- Surveys land
- Lays out plots and wells
- Distributes land to family block groups



### Families

- Visit on-site center for information
- Organize into groups (6-9 families)

#### Phase I Phase II Phase IV

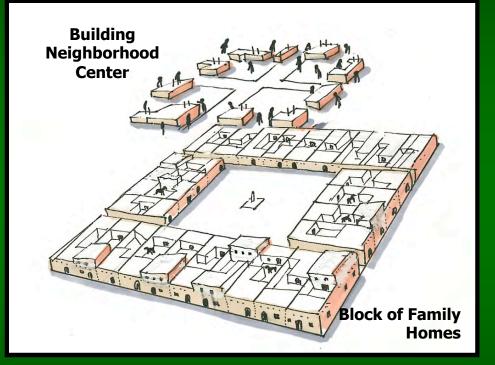
### **Community Building**

#### • Family Block Groups

- Nominate health/ construction trainees
- Begin building neighborhood center

#### • NGO

- Monitor / coordinate construction
- University / Polytechnic
  - Teach trainees



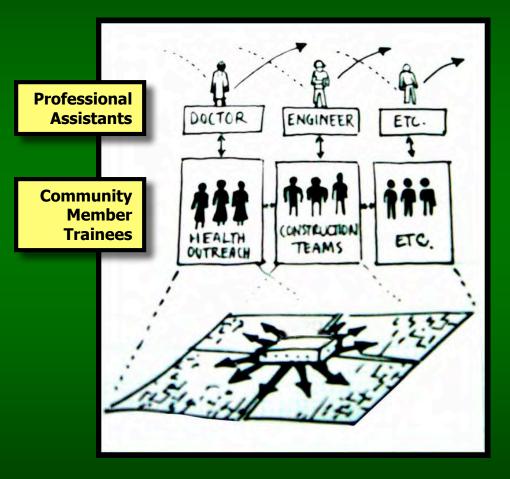
# Phase II Phase III Phase IV Community Building (cont.)

#### • Health Trainees

- Midwives to improve maternity care
- Build gender equity and political base

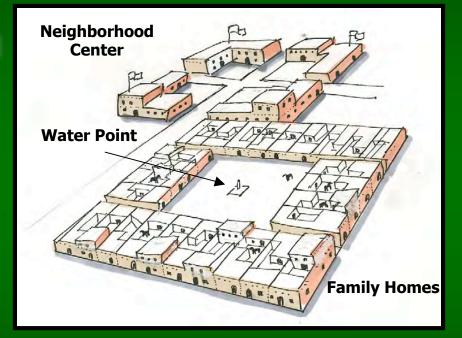
#### • Construction Trainees

- Cash for Work
- Skill transfer through Neighborhood building projects
- Provide Youth
   Employment



## **Capacity Building**

- Everyone
  - Celebrate Neighborhood
     Center opening
- Neighborhood
  - Select block leaders from trainees
  - Initiate additional training programs
    - Water and Sanitation
    - Environment (Tree Planting)
    - Radio Broadcasting
    - Micro-credit

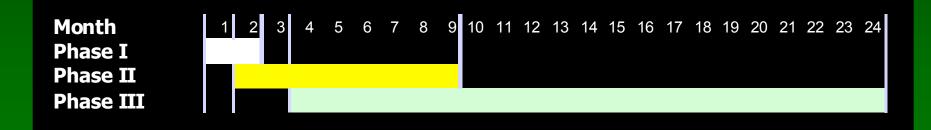


### Autonomy

- Neighborhood
  - Elects District Leaders
- Neighborhood and District Leaders
  - Expand Education
  - Formalize Links to Government
  - Lobby for District Needs
    - Electricity
    - Piped Water
    - Paved Roads



### **NGO Exits After 24 Months**



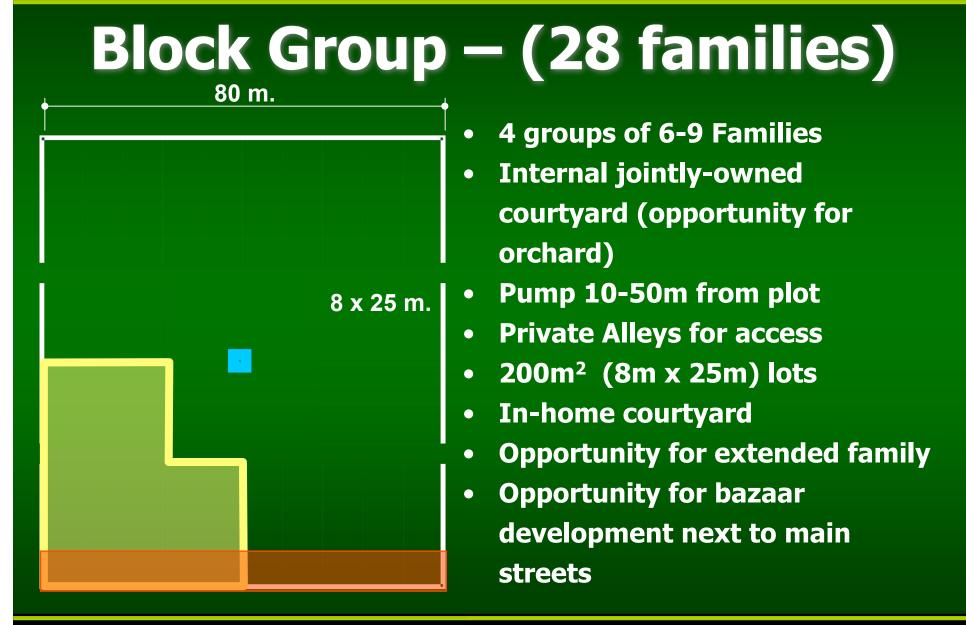
#### Photos courtesy of David Gatchell, IRC

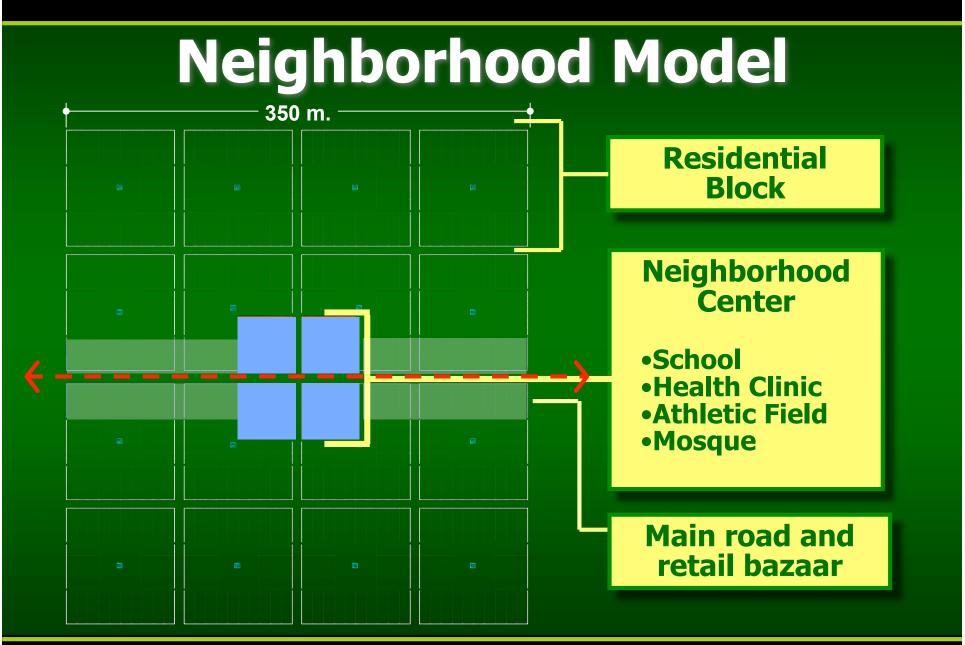


Phase I Land Allocation Phase II Neighborhood Building

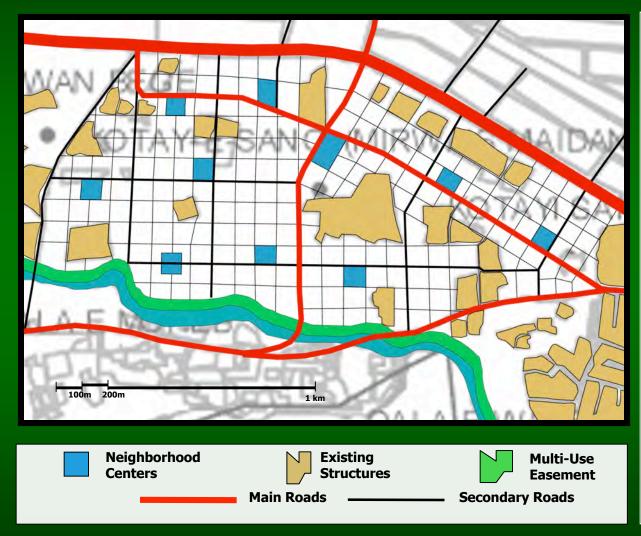
Phase III Capacity Building

Phase IV Autonomy





#### **Schematic Plan**



Pop. Density: 240-500 / ha

Length of services per area served: 200m. /ha

Water points per area served: 1/ha

3200-6500 People per Neighborhood Center

30m River Easement: gardens and public amenities

Adjusted to Existing Structures

### Summary

#### **Social Benefits**

Preservation of Existing Social Ties
Leadership Cultivation
Women and Youth
Self-Governing
Neighborhoods
and Districts **Physical Benefits** 

•Secure Land, Water, and Shelter

•Flexible Family Plots

•Internal jointly-owned courtyard within blocks

Public Space:
Neighborhood Centers
Arable land

### Rebuilding in a Troubled Land

#### Neighborhood Centers as a Social Development Tool

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